

Model Question paper sample (creating an inclusive school B.ed (sem4))

Q1.Types of learning disabilities.

A . Input disabilities.

B. Output disabilities.

C.Memory disabilities.

D. All of this.

Q2. Which organization Classified hearing loss unit and hearing intensty.

A. Salamalanca

B. World health organization

C. RTE-ACT 2009

D. None of the above.

Q3.Tool for the spiritual use of communicating to unforgiving individuals.

A.Content development software

B. World Bank

C. Braille learning software

D. Multimedia content

Ans- I) option B and C

ii) option A and C

iii) all of these

Q4. 'Dyslexia' is accocited with –

A. Reading disorder

B. Behaviour disorder

C. Mental disorder

D. Mathematical disorder

Q5. What does inclusive education mean?

- A. Observation of negative students in the classroom.
- B. Physical and mental disabilities.
- C. Involve parent in classroom education.
- D. None of the above

Q6. _____ is an education that involves everyone.

- A. Special education.
- B. Integrate education
- C. Inclusive education
- D. Exclude education

Q7. Full form of 'ASD'

- A. Autism spectrum disorder
- B. Autism sensory disorder
- C. Autism some disorder
- D. All of the above

Q8. In whose time was the concept of intellectual ability given?

- A. Dr. Rajendra Prasad.
- B. Pranab Mukherjee
- C. American President Barack Obama
- D. Ram Nath kovind

Q9. The role of resource teacher recording disability child.

- A. Production of study teaching material
- B. Parent counselling
- C. Functional evaluation
- D. All of the above

Q10. Common learning disability in children as follows

- A. Dyslexia
- B. Autism spectrum disorder
- C. Dystopia
- D. All of the above

Ans

Q1 - D

Q2 - B

Q3 - 3

Q4 - A

Q5 - A

Q6 - C

Q7 - A

Q8 - C

Q9 - A

Q10 - D

Assessment for learning MCQ

1 According to NPC what is the value of -3σ to $+3\sigma$

- a) 96.55 %
- b) 68.26 %
- c) 95.0%
- d) 99.5 %

2. Disadvantages of reflective Journal includes-----

- a) Enhance critical thinking & creativity
- b) Time saving for grading
- c) Difficult for objective marking
- d) a & b

3. Rubrics are important because -----

- a) It helps teacher to learn
- b) Rubrics help parents to learn the progress of the student
- c) It help coordinate instruction & assessment
- d) a & b

4. Which of the following is not a type of objective types of tests

- a) Recall type
- b) Recognition type
- c) Multiple choice questions
- d) Demonstration

5. A very popular model for the psychomotor domain was established by-----

- a) Krathwohl
- b) R.H.Dave
- c) Lorin Anderson
- d) Benjamin Bloom

6. Which of the following is true for diagnostic testing

- a) Diagnostic tests are more likely to focus on strengths than on the weakness
- b) Diagnostic tests doesn't give detailed feedback which can be acted upon
- c) Diagnostic tests are based on some theory of language development, preferably a detailed theory rather a global theory
- d) a & b

7. Disadvantages of open book examination includes

- a) Development of self-study habits may not be attained by this system
- b) The reduction of malpractices may be achieved because of the possibility of consultation among students
- c) The concept of standard textbook & reading material may not vary from place to place & person to person
- d) b & c

8. Disadvantages of anecdotal records includes
- a) Only records events of interest to the person doing the observing.
 - b) Quality of the record depends is very good
 - c) Incidents can be taken out of context.
 - d) a & c

Answer Key

1. Which of the following is true for diagnostic testing
- a) Diagnostic tests are more likely to focus on strengths than on the weakness
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- h) b & c

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- h) **a & c**

9. Which of the following is not the characteristics of a good test

- a. Validity
- b. Reliability
- c. Subjectivity
- d. Economy

10. The Government of India passed the UGC establishment of standard in private Universities Regulations in

- a. 2005
- b. 2003
- c. 2009
- d. 2006

Contemporary India and Education

Q1. One of the roles of education for Religious Diversity is-

- A. Curriculum and textbooks should not be free from religious bias
- B. Curriculum and textbooks should be free from religious bias
- C. Curriculum should teach religious prayers
- D. textbook should depend on religion

Q 2. Which craft work should be included in curriculum according to Nai Talim ?

- A. Agriculture
- B. Any Handicraft
- C. Carpentry
- D. All of the above

Q 3. What is called Devotion to the interest of one's own region."

- A. Linguistic diversity,
- B. Regional diversity
- C. Religious Diversity
- D. none of the above

Q 4. The child is not a passive learner but an active participant in the learning process. This sentence is focusing on -

- A. teacher cantered environment
- B. activity-cantered environment
- C. school-cantered environment
- D. parents cantered environment

Q 5. New model in the beginning of the 1990s of economic reforms is commonly known as the LPG which means

- A. long public goal model
- B. Liquefied petroleum gas model
- C. Liberalisation, Personalisation and Globalisation model.
- D. Liberalisation, Privatisation and Globalisation model.

Q 6. Which is the mostly spoken language in India?

- A. Marathi
- B. Hindi
- C. English
- D. Gujarathi

Q 7 Which is the national language of India according to Indian constitution

- A. Marathi
- B. Hindi
- C. English
- D. None of the above

Q 8 This is one of the roles of Education for eradicating communalism.

- A. General Assembly-Prayers for all religion
- B. Different sitting arrangement for students
- C. Religious lesson in textbook
- D. Celebration of only Hindu festivals in School.

Q 9 What is the full form of NPE 1986

- A. National policy of Education
- B. National Price of Education
- C. National policy of Exam
- D. None of the above

Q 10 Distance education system is helpful for -

- A. Professionals
- B. Students
- C. Adult
- D. All of the above

Answer key:-

Q.1	Q.2	Q.3	Q.4	Q.5	Q.6	Q.7	Q.8	Q.9	Q.10
B	D	B	B	D	B	D	A	A	D